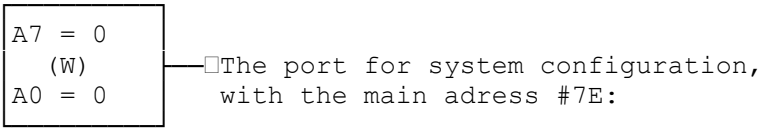


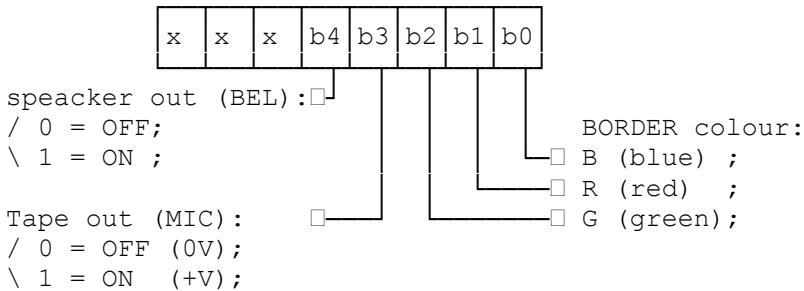
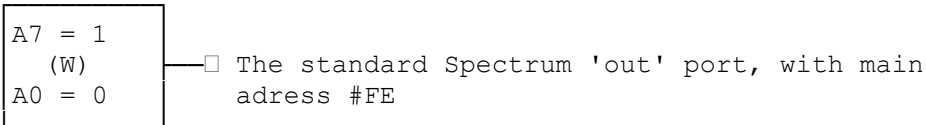
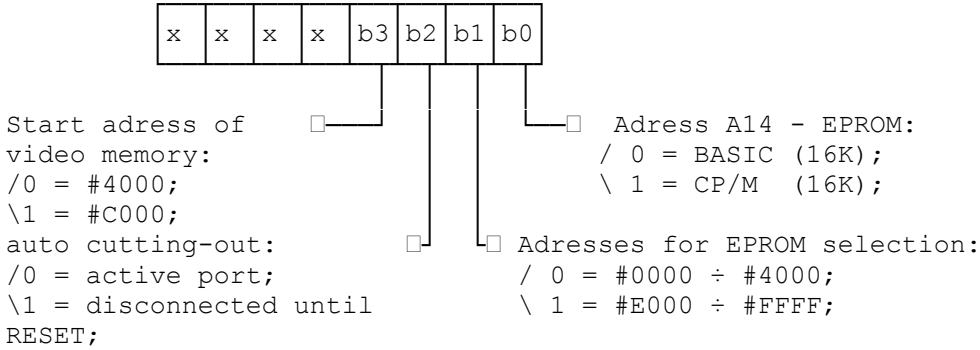
Selection of the ports at HC-91 (standard)

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Author: Aleodor Daniel Ioan  
Translated and transcribed: Cristi Grecu  
Best viewed with Terminal font.

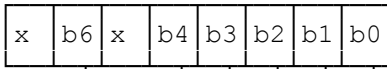


The port resets at general  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$



A7 = 1  
(R)  
A0 = 0

□ The standard Spectrum 'in' port, with main address #FE:

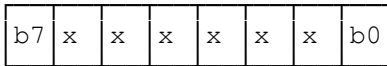


Tape IN  
(inverted):  
/1 = negative;  
\0 = positive;

Keyboard IN:  
 □ CS, A, Q, 1, 0, P, CR, SP ;  
 □ Z, S, W, 2, 9, O, L, SS ;  
 □ X, D, E, 3, 8, I, K, M ;  
 □ C, F, R, 4, 7, U, J, N ;  
 □ V, G, T, 5, 6, Y, H, B ;  
 /1 = key pressed ;  
 \0 = key not pressed;

A3=0  
(R)  
(A6A5A4) <> (000)  
(A7A0) = (0X) or (11)

□ Port for reading data from RS232 or network, with main address #F7:

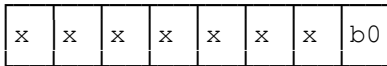


□ Data IN from network (NIN):  
 / 0 = 0V on the line;  
 \ 1 = +5V on the line;  
 □ Data IN from RS232 (TXD):  
 / 0 = [-12V ÷ -5V];  
 \ 1 = [+5V ÷ +12V];

A3=0  
(W)  
(A6A5A4) <> (000)  
A0 = 1

□ Port to select out to RS232 or network, with main address #F7:

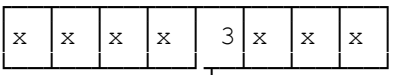
- The port isn't reseted at general RESET.



□ network/serial selection:  
 / 0 = network (default);  
 \ 1 = serial  
 (only for OUT);

A4=0  
(R)  
(A6A5) <> (00)  
(A7A0) = (0X) or (11)

□ Port for reading the status of the serial interface, with main address #EF:

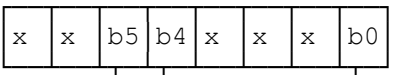


□ DTR, telling if a data transfer may begin:  
/0 = [-12V ÷ -5V];  
\1 = [+5V ÷ +12V];

A4=0  
(W)  
(A6A5) <> (00)  
A0=1

□ Output port for controlling serial and network interfaces, with main address #EF:

- This port is resetted at general RESET, and bit b5 resets when detecting a negative pulse on the network, indicating the bit sincronisation for sending or receiving.

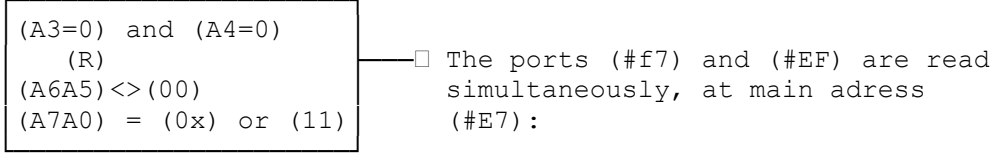


Sincronisation □  
for network:  
/0 = CPU passes in WAIT until a 0 is detected on the line ;  
\1 = CPU doesn't pass in WAIT ;

□ Data OUT, common for serial and network:  
Net: / 1 = +5V ;  
(Nout)\ 0 = =0V (line free);  
serial/ 1 = [-12V ÷ -5V];  
(RXD) \ 0 = [+5V ÷ +12V];

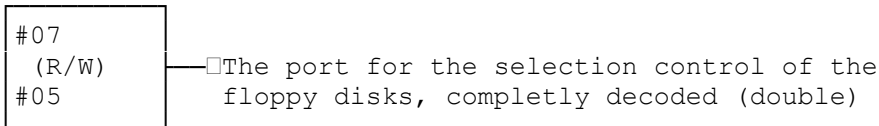
Serial status: □  
OUT:  
/0 = [-12V ÷ -5V]  
\1 = [+5V ÷ +12V]

OBS: Because the ports (#F7) and (#EF) are decoded incompletely, when selected with (A3=0), and (A4=0), they may be selected simultaneously, improving the way that the bits are arranged in the bus:

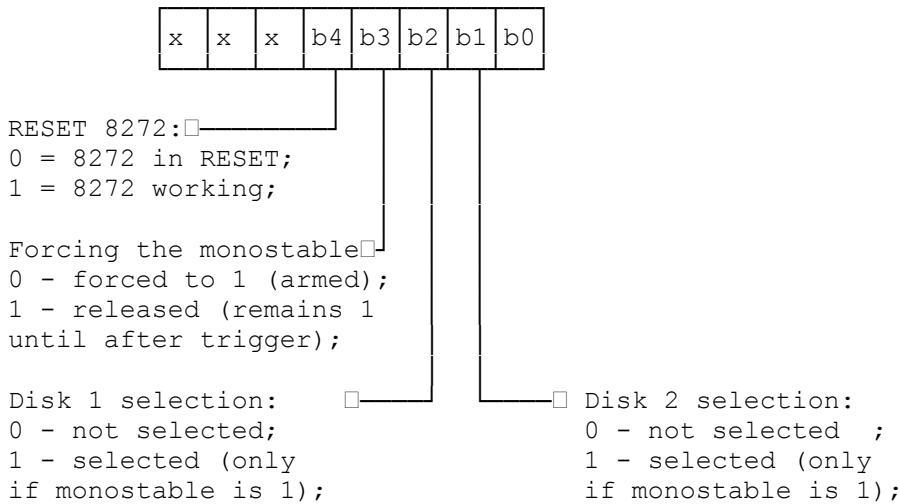
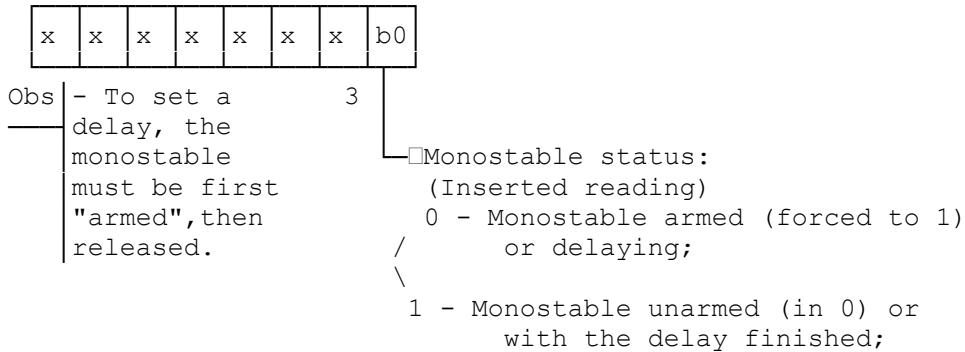


- When writing, bit 0 of port (#F7) overlaps bit 0 of port (#EF) and the simultaneous write to (#E7) is not longer useful.

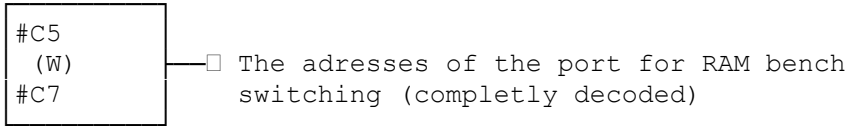
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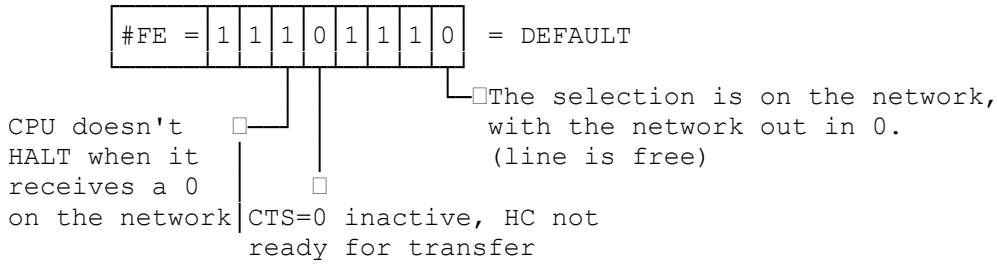
- It is used as a hardware delay to lag the deselection of the selected floppy disk units.  
 - The writing register is resetted at general RESET



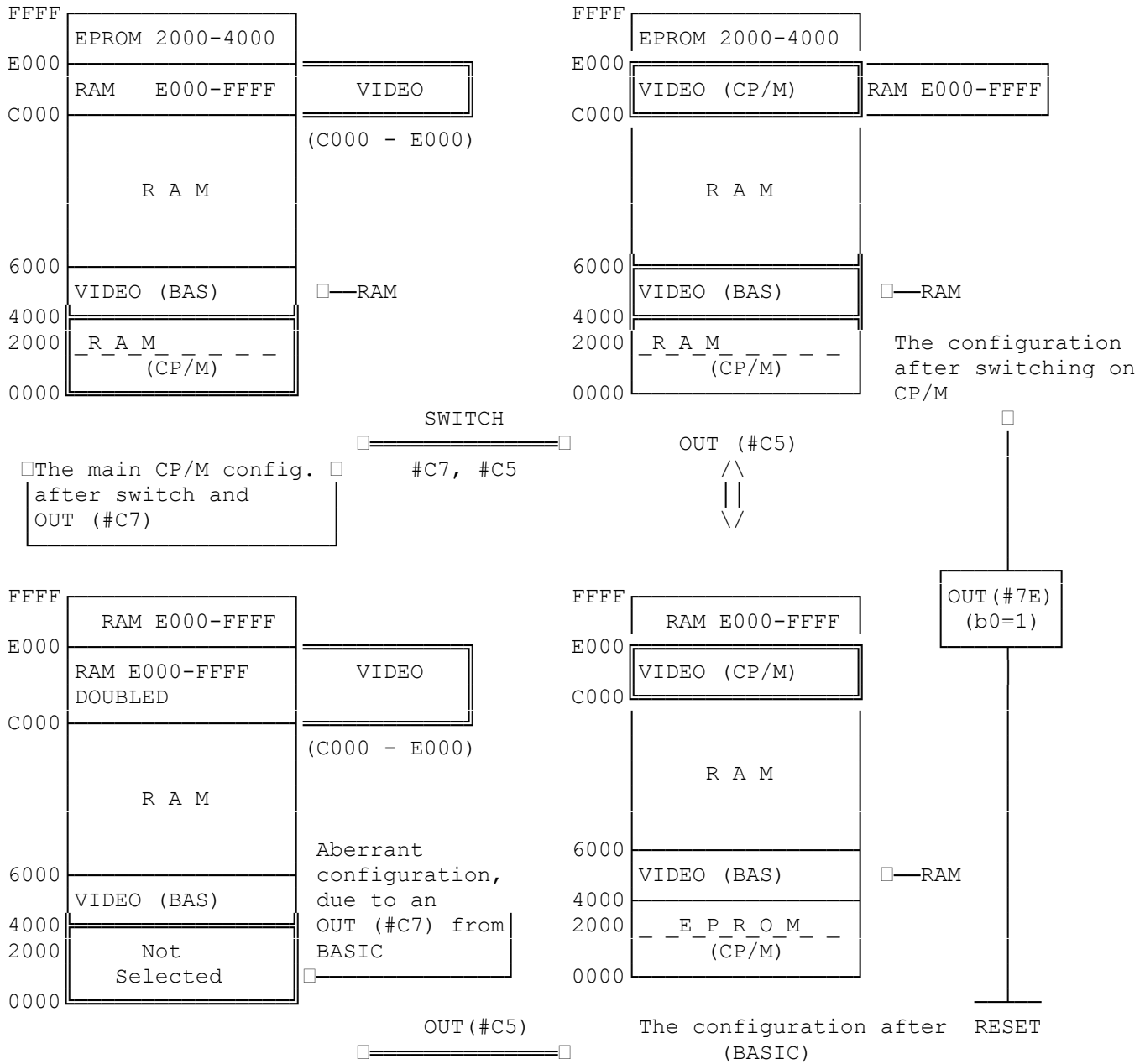
- For the units to be selected (and with the motor on) the corresponding selection bits must be "1" and the monostable to be "1" (forced in "1" for arming and maintained forced or released, but not triggered or released and delaying).



- The value written on these two ports doesn't matter (the bits from the data bus are not used). Anyway, because these addresses simultaneously select also the port (#E7), i.e. port (F7) and also port (#EF), over the data bus is sent a value that is the same as the initialisation value of these two ports: (#FE)



- After general RESET, the bistable controlled by (#C5) and (#C7) will be positioned like after an OUT (#C5).  
 - In the case of switching with OUT (#C7), but in BASIC configuration, the EPROM selection is disabled, and the RAM area (E000 - FFFF) will also be selected in the area (C000 - E000). Between (0000 - 4000) nothing is selected.



#85 (R) — Port for the status of 8272, completely decoded, read only;

#87 (R/W) — Port for data/commands for 8272, completely decoded, read/write;

The Input/Output Map (Ports selected at each address)

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin-bottom: 5px;">READ</div> <p>128 - 254, even = #FE</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin-bottom: 5px;">WRITE</div> <p>0 - 126, even = #E7 128 - 254, even = #FE</p>
<p>5=#05 7=#06</p> <p>16 - 23, odd+even = #F7 32 - 39, odd+even = #E7 40 - 47, odd+even = #EF 48 - 55, odd+even = #F7 64 - 71, odd+even = #E7 72 - 79, odd+even = #EF 80 - 87, odd+even = #F7 96 - 103, odd+even = #E7 104 - 111, odd+even = #EF 112 - 119, odd+even = #F7</p>	<p>5=#05 7=#07</p> <p>17 - 23, odd = #F7 33 - 39, odd = #E7 41 - 47, odd = #EF 49 - 55, odd = #F7 65 - 71, odd = #E7 73 - 79, odd = #EF 81 - 87, odd = #F7 97 - 103, odd = #E7 105 - 111, odd = #EF 113 - 119, odd = #F7</p>
<p>133 = #85 135 = #87</p> <p>145 - 151, odd = #F7 161 - 167, odd = #E7 169 - 175, odd = #EF 177 - 183, odd = #F7 193 - 199, odd = #E7 201 - 207, odd = #EF 209 - 215, odd = #F7 225 - 231, odd = #E7 233 - 239, odd = #EF 241 - 247, odd = #F7</p>	<p>135 = #87</p> <p>145 - 151, odd = #F7 161 - 167, odd = #E7 169 - 175, odd = #EF 177 - 183, odd = #F7 193 - 199, odd = #E7 201 - 207, odd = #EF 209 - 215, odd = #F7 225 - 231, odd = #E7 233 - 239, odd = #EF 241 - 247, odd = #F7</p>

Free ports in standard version

READ :	WRITE :
<p>0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6  PIO  8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15  24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,31  56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63  SIO  88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95  120, 121, 122, 123, 127</p>	<p>1 , 3  PIO  9, 11, 13, 15  RAM 25, 27, 29, 41  64/128  57, 59, 61, 63  SIO  89, 91, 93, 95  121, 123, 127</p>
<p>129, 131  137, 139, 141, 143  153, 155, 157, 159  185, 187, 189, 191  217, 219, 221, 223  249, 251, 253, 255</p>	<p>129, 131, 133  137, 139, 141, 143  153, 155, 157, 159  185, 187, 189, 191  217, 219, 221, 223  249, 251, 253, 255</p>